

NON-CALCULATOR SECTION

Find the determinant.

1. $\begin{vmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 7 & 4 & -3 \\ -1 & 5 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 73$

2. $\begin{vmatrix} 10 & 4 & 6 \\ 2 & -3 & 1 \\ -3 & 2 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = -62$

3. Multiply if possible. $\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 4 & -2 \\ 1 & -1 & -4 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} -6 & 2 & -5 \\ 1 & -4 & 2 \\ 3 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -18 & 15 \\ -19 & 6 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$

Find the inverse, if it exists.

4. $\begin{bmatrix} 21 & 12 \\ 7 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ det $A = 0$, no inverse exists

5. Find the area of a triangle with vertices (3, -2), (-1, -7), (4, 11) 23.5 units^2

Name the dimensions of the matrices.

6. $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 & 1 \\ -5 & 6 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$
 2×3

7. $\begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ 9 \\ -2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$ 4×1

8. $[2 \ 43]$ 1×2

Perform indicated operations. #9-13

9. $-5 \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 2 & 0 \\ 4 & -11 & 6 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -30 & -10 & 0 \\ -20 & 55 & -30 \end{bmatrix}$

10. $4 \begin{bmatrix} -8 & 10 \\ 0 & -4 \end{bmatrix} - 5 \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 4 \\ 4 & 7 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -27 & 20 \\ -20 & -51 \end{bmatrix}$

11. $\begin{bmatrix} -6 & 9 \\ 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -2 & 4 \\ 1 & 0 & -5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -21 & 12 & -69 \\ 9 & -4 & 13 \end{bmatrix}$

12. $\begin{bmatrix} 7 & 0 & -8 \\ 10 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 4 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$
Undefined

13. $8 \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} + 3 \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ -6 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 8 \\ -6 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 29 \\ -34 \\ 59 \end{bmatrix}$

Solve for x.

Hint: There are bars, not brackets, around the matrices.

14. $\begin{vmatrix} 5 & -4 \\ -x & 4 \end{vmatrix} = 34$
 $x = -\frac{7}{2}$ or -3.5

15. $\begin{vmatrix} 3 & -1 \\ 3 & 4x \end{vmatrix} = 21$ $x = \frac{3}{2}$ or 1.5

Solve the system using matrices. Write the solutions as ordered pairs.

16. $2x + 3y = 7$
 $4x - 4y = 4$ $(2, 1)$

17. $-5x - y = 2$
 $10x + 3y = 1$ $(-\frac{7}{5}, 5)$

Transform Polygon ABCD with vertices A(-3, 2) B(-5, 4) C(4, 3) and D(3, -1) the following ways.

18. Translate 2 units right and 5 units down.

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & -3 & 6 & 5 \\ -3 & -1 & -2 & -6 \end{bmatrix}$$

19. Reflect over the y-axis

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 5 & -4 & -3 \\ 2 & 4 & 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

20. Rotate 90° Counterclockwise

$$\begin{bmatrix} -2 & -4 & -3 & 1 \\ -3 & -5 & 4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

CALCULATOR SECTION

Find the inverse if it exists.

21.
$$\begin{bmatrix} -7 & -1 & 2 \\ 3 & 6 & 4 \\ 0 & 11 & -2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{-14}{113} & \frac{5}{113} & \frac{-4}{113} \\ \frac{3}{226} & \frac{7}{226} & \frac{17}{226} \\ \frac{33}{452} & \frac{77}{452} & \frac{-39}{452} \end{bmatrix}$$

22. Write as a matrix equation & solve.

$$\begin{aligned} 3x + 4y + 2z &= 12 \\ -2x - 3y - 4z &= -12 \\ 5x + 5y + 6z &= 8 \end{aligned} \quad \begin{aligned} x &= -7 \\ y &= 8 \\ z &= .5 \end{aligned}$$

23. Write as a matrix equation & solve.

$$\begin{aligned} 2x + z &= 6 \\ 3x - 2y + 4z &= 13 \\ -y - 3z &= -15 \end{aligned} \quad \begin{aligned} x &= 1 \\ y &= 3 \\ z &= 4 \end{aligned}$$

24. The Arcadium arcade in Lynchburg, Tennessee uses 3 different colored tokens for their game machines. For \$20 you can purchase any of the following mixtures of tokens: 14 gold, 20 silver, and 24 bronze; OR, 20 gold, 15 silver, and 19 bronze; OR, 30 gold, 5 silver, and 13 bronze. What is the monetary value of each token?

Gold: \$.50, Silver: \$.35, Bronze: \$.25

26. Using matrices multiplication, calculate the following grade for the students using the tables below.

Student	Tests	Projects	Homework	Quizzes
Alexandra	92	100	89	80
Megan	72	85	80	75
Brittney	88	78	85	92

Type	Weight
Tests	40% (.4)
Projects	15% (.15)
Homework	25% (.25)
Quizzes	20% (.2)

Alexandra: 90%
 Megan: 77%
 Brittney: 87%

Unit 5 Review

$$1. \det \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 7 & 4 & -3 \\ -1 & 5 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} 2 & 1 \\ 7 & 4 \\ -1 & 5 \end{matrix}$$

$$8 + 3 + 35 - (-4 - 30 + 7)$$

$$46 - (-27) = \boxed{73}$$

$$2. \det \begin{bmatrix} 10 & 4 & 6 \\ 2 & -3 & 1 \\ -3 & 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} 10 & 4 \\ 2 & -3 \\ -3 & 2 \end{matrix}$$

$$0 - 12 + 24 - (54 + 20 + 0)$$

$$12 - (74) = \boxed{-62}$$

$$3. \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 4 & -2 \\ 1 & -1 & -4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -6 & 2 & -5 \\ 1 & -4 & 2 \\ 3 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 6+4-6 & -2-16+0 & 5+8+2 \\ 6-1-12 & 2+4+0 & -5-2+4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 4 & -18 & 15 \\ -19 & 6 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$4. \begin{bmatrix} 21 & 12 \\ 7 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det A = 84 - 84 = 0$$

no inverse exists

$$5. A = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 & 1 \\ -1 & -7 & 1 \\ 4 & 11 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} 3 & -2 \\ -1 & -7 \\ 4 & 11 \end{matrix} = \frac{1}{2} (-21 - 8 - 11 - (-28 + 33 + 2))$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} (-40 - (7)) = \frac{1}{2} (-47) = \boxed{23.5}$$

$$6. \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 & 1 \\ -5 & 6 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \quad 2 \times 3$$

$$7. \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ 9 \\ -2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \quad 4 \times 1$$

$$8. [2 \ 43] \quad 1 \times 2$$

$$9. -5 \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 2 & 0 \\ 4 & -11 & 6 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -30 & -10 & 0 \\ -20 & 55 & -30 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$10. 4 \begin{bmatrix} -8 & 10 \\ 0 & -4 \end{bmatrix} - 5 \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 4 \\ 4 & 7 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -32 & 40 \\ 0 & -16 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -20 \\ -20 & -35 \end{bmatrix} \\ = \begin{bmatrix} -27 & 20 \\ -20 & -51 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$11. \begin{bmatrix} -6 & 9 \\ 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -2 & 4 \\ 1 & 0 & -5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -30+9 & 12+0 & -24-45 \\ 10-1 & -4+0 & 8+5 \end{bmatrix} \\ = \begin{bmatrix} -21 & 12 & -69 \\ 9 & -4 & 13 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$12. \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 0 & -8 \\ 10 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 4 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \text{undefined}$$

$$13. 8 \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} + 3 \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ -6 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 8 \\ -6 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 16 \\ -8 \\ 32 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 12 \\ -18 \\ 21 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -8 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 29 \\ -34 \\ 59 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$14. \begin{vmatrix} 5 & -4 \\ -x & 4 \end{vmatrix} = 34$$

$$20 - 4x = 34$$

$$-4x = 14$$

$$x = -\frac{7}{2} \text{ or } -3.5$$

$$15. \begin{vmatrix} 3 & -1 \\ 3 & 4x \end{vmatrix} = 21$$

$$12x + 3 = 21$$

$$12x = 18$$

$$x = \frac{3}{2} \text{ or } 1.5$$

$$16. \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 4 & -4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{-20} \begin{bmatrix} -4 & -3 \\ -4 & 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{5} & \frac{3}{20} \\ \frac{1}{5} & -\frac{1}{10} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{5} & \frac{3}{20} \\ \frac{1}{5} & -\frac{1}{10} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \boxed{(2, 1)}$$

$$17. \begin{bmatrix} -5 & -1 \\ 10 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{-5} \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ -10 & -5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{3}{5} & -\frac{1}{5} \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{3}{5} & -\frac{1}{5} \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{7}{5} \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} \quad \boxed{\left(-\frac{7}{5}, 5\right)}$$

$$18. \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 \\ -5 & -5 & -5 & -5 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -3 & -5 & 4 & 3 \\ 2 & 4 & 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -3 & 6 & 5 \\ -3 & -1 & -2 & -6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$19. \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} -3 & -5 & 4 & 3 \\ 2 & 4 & 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 5 & -4 & -3 \\ 2 & 4 & 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$20. \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} -3 & -5 & 4 & 3 \\ 2 & 4 & 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & -4 & -3 & 1 \\ -3 & -5 & 4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$21. A = \begin{bmatrix} -7 & -1 & 2 \\ 3 & 6 & 4 \\ 0 & 11 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \quad A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{14}{113} & \frac{5}{113} & -\frac{4}{113} \\ \frac{3}{226} & \frac{7}{226} & \frac{17}{226} \\ \frac{33}{452} & \frac{77}{452} & -\frac{39}{452} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$22. \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 & 2 \\ -2 & -3 & -4 \\ 5 & 5 & 6 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 12 \\ -12 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = A^{-1}B = \begin{bmatrix} -7 \\ 8 \\ .5 \end{bmatrix} \text{ or } \begin{bmatrix} -7 \\ 8 \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix} \quad (-7, 8, .5)$$

$$23. \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & -2 & 4 \\ 0 & -1 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 13 \\ -15 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = A^{-1}B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} \quad (1, 3, 4)$$

24. $G = \$$ of gold, $S = \$$ of silver, $B = \$$ of bronze

$$14G + 20S + 24B = 20$$

$$20G + 15S + 19B = 20$$

$$30G + 5S + 13B = 20$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 14 & 20 & 24 \\ 20 & 15 & 19 \\ 30 & 5 & 13 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} G \\ S \\ B \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 20 \\ 20 \\ 20 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} G \\ S \\ B \end{bmatrix} = A^{-1}B = \begin{bmatrix} .5 \\ .35 \\ .25 \end{bmatrix}$$

Gold tokens are \$.50 each, silver are \$.35 each, and bronze are \$.25 each.

25

	T	P	H	Q	Weight	Grade
A	92	100	89	80	T .4	A 90.05
M	72	85	80	75	P .15	M 76.55
B	88	78	85	92	H .25	B 86.55
					Q .2	

Alexandra has a 90%, Megan has a 77%, and Brittney has an 87%